

<b>STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM</b>		
Name of the module/subject <b>Numerical Methods in Technology</b>		Code <b>1010605221010620404</b>
Field of study <b>Transport</b>	Profile of study (general academic, practical) <b>(brak)</b>	Year /Semester <b>1 / 2</b>
Elective path/specialty <b>-</b>	Subject offered in: <b>Polish</b>	Course (compulsory, elective) <b>obligatory</b>
Cycle of study: <b>Second-cycle studies</b>	Form of study (full-time,part-time) <b>part-time</b>	
No. of hours Lecture: <b>20</b> Classes: <b>18</b> Laboratory: <b>-</b> Project/seminars: <b>-</b>		No. of credits <b>4</b>
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) <b>(brak)</b>		(university-wide, from another field) <b>(brak)</b>
Education areas and fields of science and art <b>technical sciences</b> <b>Technical sciences</b>		ECTS distribution (number and %) <b>4 100%</b> <b>4 100%</b>
<b>Responsible for subject / lecturer:</b>  Witold Stankiewicz, Ph.D. email: Witold.Stankiewicz@put.poznan.pl tel. 665 2167 Faculty of Working Machines and Transportation ul. Piotrowo 3 60-965 Poznań		
<b>Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:</b>		
1	<b>Knowledge</b>	Basic knowledge of mathematics and computer science, as for all graduates of Transportation (first degree)
2	<b>Skills</b>	Basic skills in mathematics and computer science, as for all graduates of Transportation (first degree)
3	<b>Social competencies</b>	Student is able to cooperate in a group, taking the different roles. Student is able to set priorities important to solve given tasks. The student demonstrates self-reliance in solving problems, acquiring and improving his knowledge and skills.
<b>Assumptions and objectives of the course:</b> Learning advanced numerical methods, particularly useful in technology. Familiarization with examples of practical applications. Acquiring the ability to select and use known methods and numerical tools in engineering problems.		
<b>Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study</b>		
<b>Knowledge:</b> 1. Knows the basic methods, techniques and tools used to solve complex tasks in the field of mechanical engineering and transport - [T2A_W07] 2. Has structured, theoretically founded knowledge related to selected topics in the field of numerical methods in engineering - [T2A_W04] 3. Has knowledge of the development trends and the most important new developments in the field of numerical methods in engineering - [T2A_W05] 4. Knows the theoretical basis of the calculation methods and computer techniques used to solve common problems the field of mechanics and transport - [X2A_W04]		
<b>Skills:</b>		

1. Is able to obtain information from the literature, internet, databases and other sources in Polish and English. Can integrate the information to interpret and learn from them, create and justify opinions. - [K2A_U01]
2. Is able to communicate using a variety of techniques in a professional environment and other environments using the formal record of the numerical algorithms, concepts and definitions in the scope of the study area. - [K2A_U02]
3. Has the ability to self-educate using modern teaching tools such as remote lectures, webpages and databases, educational software, electronic editions. - [K2A_U06]
4. Is able to plan and carry out computer simulations; can use the system for numerical computations, such as Matlab / Octave, to program a simple task of simulation of system with a small number of degrees of freedom, using assimilated elementary numerical methods - [K2A_U07]
5. Is able to estimate suitability and the possibility of using new techniques and numerical methods in mechanics and transport - [K2A_U09]
6. Is able to estimate suitability of methods and tools designed to solve engineering tasks typical of mechanics and transport, to see the limitations of these methods and tools; can solve complex engineering task in the field of numerical methods in engineering - [K2A_U18]
<b>Social competencies:</b>
1. Understands the need and knows the possibilities of lifelong learning, knows the need for acquiring new knowledge for professional development. - [K2A_K01]
2. Is able to define the tasks and priorities for their implementation for himself and the coworkers team. - [K2A_K05]
3. Is aware of the transfer of knowledge to society, takes steps to ensure that the information is understandable, presents different solutions and points of view. - [K2A_K08]

<b>Assessment methods of study outcomes</b>		
Colloquia. Individual assessment of the performed tasks.		
<b>Course description</b>		
Interpolation methods. Numerical integration: the trapezoidal rule; Simpson; Romberg. Direct and iterative methods for solving algebraic equations. Methods for determination of matrix eigenvalues and eigenvectors. Algorithms for solving ordinary differential equations. Solving partial differential equations using finite difference and finite element methods.		
<b>Basic bibliography:</b>		
1. Fortuna Z., Macukow B. Wąsowski J.: Metody numeryczne. WNT Warszawa 2006		
2. Jankowscy J. i M.: Przegląd metod i algorytmów numerycznych. WNT 1988		
3. Stoer J., Bulirsch R.: Wstęp do metod numerycznych. PWN Warszawa 1980		
<b>Additional bibliography:</b>		
1. Press W.H., Flannery B.P., Teukolsky S.A., Vetterling W.T.: Numerical Recipes: The Art of Scientific Computing. Cambridge Press, 1986		
2. Saad Y.: Iterative methods for sparse linear systems. PWS publishing company Boston, 1996		
3. Saad Y.: Numerical Methods for Large Eigenvalue Problems, Manchester Univ. Press, 1992		
4. Pozrikidis C.: Numerical Computation in Science and Engineering. Oxford University Press 1998		
<b>Result of average student's workload</b>		
<b>Activity</b>	<b>Time (working hours)</b>	
1. Participation in the lecture	15	
2. Consolidation of the lecture	5	
3. Preparation to pass (lecture)	9	
4. Participation in the passing the the course	3	
5. Preparation for laboratory classes	14	
6. Participation in the laboratory classes	15	
7. Consolidation of content and laboratory report	14	
8. Preparation to pass the lab	8	
9. Consultations	8	
<b>Student's workload</b>		
<b>Source of workload</b>	<b>hours</b>	<b>ECTS</b>
Total workload	91	4
Contact hours	41	2
Practical activities	56	2

